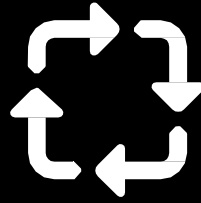




- Meets ANSI/AAMI PB70 Level 1 protection standards
- Fluid - resistant protection for low & minimal risk environments
- Adjustable neckline for protection and comfort
- Long sleeves with elastic cuffs
- Breathable
- Available in two sizes for optimal coverage
- Packed 50 per case, individually folded



**Isolation Gowns**

The long-sleeve medical gowns are made from fabric designed to be splash resistant and can be washed and reused.



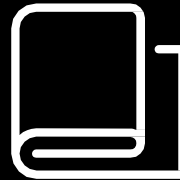
**WASHABLE  
& REUSABLE**



**REPELS  
LIQUID**



**BREATHABLE**



### Fabric:

- 62 gsm woven 100% filament polyester - Lint Free
- Washable and Reuseable  
20+ Launderers  
Reduction in solid waste generation

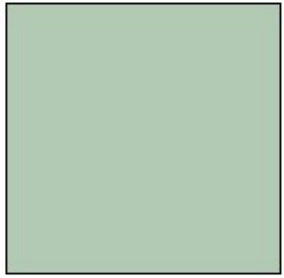
# Gown Construction

Available in  
two adult sizes:

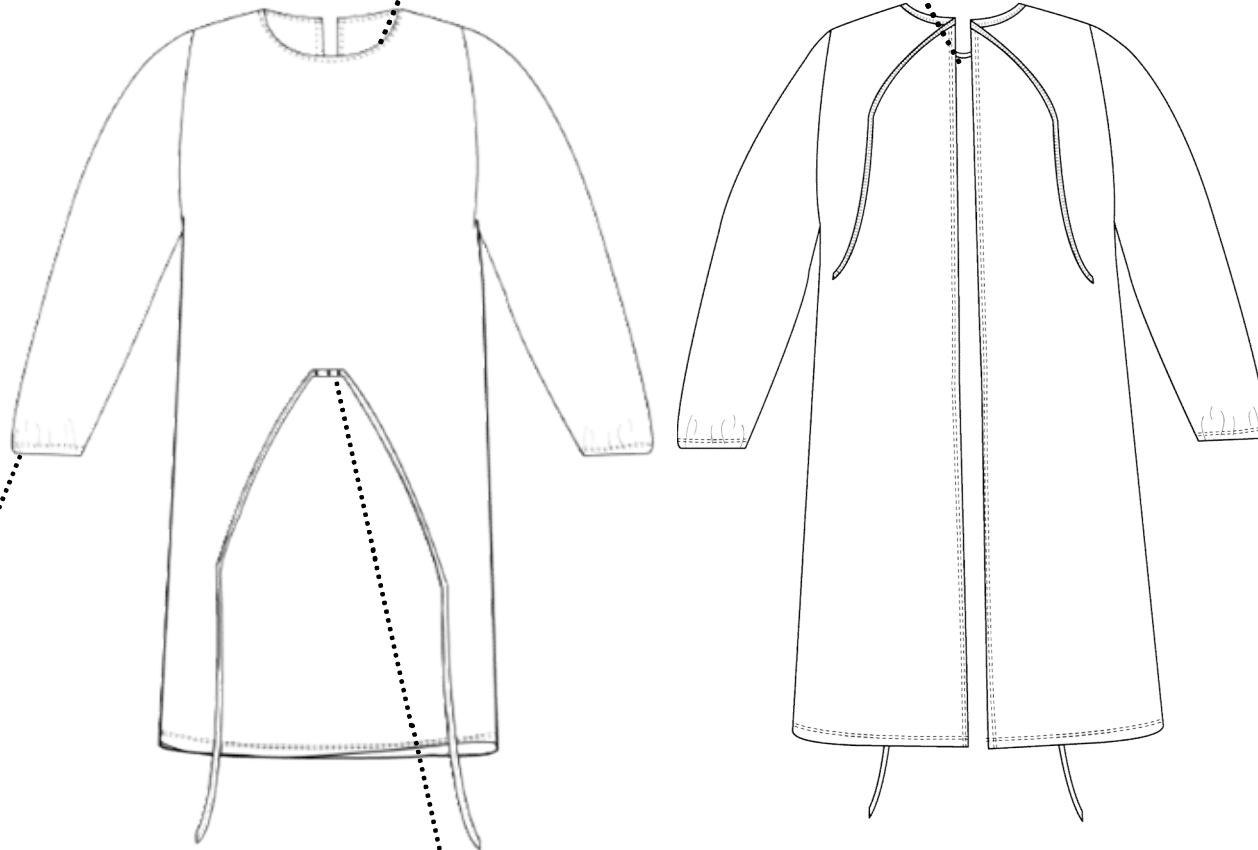
S/M/L

XL/2X/3X

Smoothie Green



Adjustable Neck  
3/8" binding around neckline  
(extended to create ties at back neck)



3/4" Hem with encased rubber  
or elastic

3/8" Wide tie attached at  
center front



**Wash Instructions:** Machine wash warm with like colors. Use only non-chlorine bleach when needed.  
Do not use fabric softener. Tumble dry medium. Low iron if needed.

# FDA-Recognized ANSI/AAMI PB70 Level 1 Standards

Type of PPE	Feature Tested	Standard Designation	Sub headings	Description	Applicability
Gowns	Liquid Barrier Performance	AAMI PB70:2012		<p>Classifies a gown's ability to act as a barrier to penetration by liquids or liquid-borne pathogens based on four levels.</p> <p>The critical protective zones for surgical and non-surgical gowns are defined differently by the standard.</p> <p>While the critical zones designate different protective areas for the different gowns, the levels of protection are the same for both surgical and non-surgical gowns</p>	<p>Liquid barrier performance is not related to the strength of the material.</p> <p>This standard references several other standards</p>
			Level 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used for MINIMAL risk situations</li> <li>Provides a slight barrier to small amounts of fluid penetration</li> <li>Single test of water impacting the surface of the gown material is conducted to assess barrier protection performance.</li> </ul>	<p>basic care, standard hospital medical unit</p> <p style="text-align: right;">2</p>
			Level 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Used in LOW risk situations</li> <li>Provides a barrier to larger amounts of fluid penetration through splatter and some fluid exposure through soaking</li> <li>Two tests are conducted to assess barrier protection performance:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Water impacting the surface of the gown material</li> <li>Pressurizing the material</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p>Blood draw from a vein, Suturing, Intensive care unit, Pathology lab</p>

## TESTING METHODS <sup>1</sup>

Test	Challenge	Determination	Interpretation of Results
AATCC 42 Impact Penetration	Water	Determines the ability of a material to resist water penetration under spray impact	Lower results (grams of weight gain in blotter) mean more resistant material to water penetration
AATCC 127 Hydrostatic Pressure	Water	Determines the ability of a material to resist water penetration under constant contact with increasing pressure	Higher hydrostatic pressure results (in water column cm or inches) mean more resistant material to water penetration

1 <https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npptl/topics/protectiveclothing/>

2 <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/personal-protective-equipment-infection-control/medical-gowns#g3>

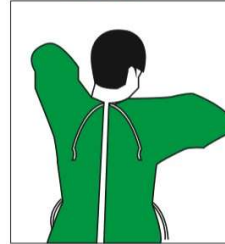
#InThisTogether



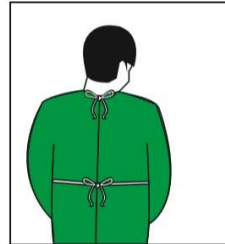
## Gown Instructions for Use:



STEP 1: Step into gown from back entrance putting on sleeves first. Fully cover torso from neck to knees and arms to end of wrist.



STEP 2: Fasten ties at back of neck by knotting or tying in a bow to close.



STEP 3: Wraptie (attached at center front waist) around to back of body and fasten by knotting or tying in a bow to secure.

Device Type: Isolation Gown

